(c) what further steps have been taken by Government to inform the friendly countries about the Pakistan's persistent efforts to aid and abet terrorism in various parts of India;

(d) whether Government have taken up the matter of declaring Pakistan as the terrorist State with the U.S.; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) Yes, Sir.

(a) The report entitled "The Kashmir Connection" documents Pakistan's role in international terrorism and its ramifications for India. This non-official report states that supporters of Islamist causes, put Kashmir high on their list of Jihads to be fought. The report goes on to add that the fighting in Kashmir will escalate significantly and terrorists will expand into the rest of India.

(c) Government apprises foreign Governments on a continuous basis of Pakistan's active involvement in infiltrating men and material into J&K for promoting terrorism.

(d) and (e) During Prime Minister's visit to the US in May 1994, President Clinton was briefed on Indian concerns regarding Pakistan's support to terrorism in India, particularly in Jammu & Kashmir. Prime Minister and President Clinton agreed to cooperate in the search for solutions to global challenges posed, *inter alia* by international terrorism.

Iraq's efforts for India's help in lifting UN sanctions

1119. SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Iraq asked for India's help in lifting UN sanctions;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) what is Government of India's policy in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) and (b) Government of Iraq has informed us of the adverse impact of the UN economic sanctions on its socio-economic conditions.

(c) India has advocated phased lifting of UN sanctions in tandem with Iraqi compliance with the UN Security Council resolutions.

Allowances to troops for peace-keeping in Somalia

1120. SHRI K. R. MALKANI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the terms, conditions, emoluments and allowances paid to our troops made available to the United Nations for peace-keeping in Somalia;

(b) whether they have been getting the same in view of the fact that the U.S. has not paid $ 748 million to the U.N. peace-keeping budget (and $ 531 million to U.N. General Budget) as per reports in the International Hearld Tribune of July 2-3, 1994; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) to (c) The UN has uniform terms and conditions for all national contingents to peace-keeping duties. The respective Governments pay their troops directly and receive reimbursements from the UN. This system applies to our contingent in Somalia whose emoluments, therefore, have not been affected by the shortfall in contributions to the UN's peace-keeping budget.